

**SILICONE METAL PRIMER #10**Version 3.  
REVISION DATE: 03/03/2011

Print Date 03/04/2011

**SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade name : SILICONE METAL PRIMER #10  
 Product code : 943102 011

COMPANY : Tremco Incorporated  
 3735 Green Road  
 Cleveland, OH 44122

Telephone : (216) 292-5000 8:30 - 5:00 EST  
 Emergency Phone: : (216) 765-6727 8:30 - 5:00 EST  
 After Hours: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

Product use : Coating

**SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****Emergency Overview**

Clear. Liquid. May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be performed by trained personnel. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

**Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry**

Inhalation : May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue.

Eyes : Vapor and/or mist may cause eye irritation. Direct contact may cause temporary redness and discomfort.

Ingestion : May cause irritation to the mouth, throat and stomach. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and vomiting.

Skin : May cause moderate irritation.

**Aggravated Medical Conditions**

Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, kidney, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

**Chronic Health Effects**

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Prolonged or repeated exposure to xylene may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, central nervous system (CNS) effects, heart muscle sensitization and arrhythmia, hearing loss, and brain, liver, kidney damage. Xylene overexposure may affect fetal development. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has evaluated ethylbenzene and classified it as a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B) based on sufficient evidence for carcinogenicity in experimental animals, but inadequate evidence for cancer in exposed humans. Organosilane may cause liver injury with fibrosis after repeated and prolonged overexposure. Overexposure to VM & P naphtha can cause central nervous system depression and anesthesia. Fillers are encapsulated and not expected to be released from product under normal conditions of use.

**Target Organs:** Skin, Eye, Lung, Liver, Kidney, Nerve, Reproductive

**SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION**

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Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
Aliphatic Naphtha (Light aliphatic naphtha)	64742-89-8	> 60.0
Tetrapropyl orthosilicate	682-01-9	7.0 - 13.0
Xylene	1330-20-7	5.0 - 10.0
Tetrabutyl titanate	5593-70-4	5.0 - 10.0
Tetra (2-methoxyethoxy) silane	2157-45-1	1.0 - 5.0
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	1.0 - 5.0
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0 - 5.0

**SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

- Inhalation : Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be performed by trained personnel. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.
- Eye contact : Flush with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eye lids apart. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact : Clean area of contact thoroughly using soap and water. If irritation, rash or other disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control Center or Physician immediately.

**SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

- Flash point : 55 F, 13 °C
- Method : Pensky-Martens Closed Cup
- Lower explosion limit : Not available.
- Upper explosion limit : Not available.
- Autoignition temperature : Not available.
- Extinguishing media : If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.
- Hazardous combustion products : Smoke, fumes. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide can form. Nitrogen oxides can form.
- Protective equipment for firefighters : Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Water may be used to cool containers to minimize pressure build-up.
- Fire and explosion conditions : Vapor concentrations in enclosed areas may ignite explosively. Product may ignite if heated in excess of its flash point. Vapors may travel to sources of ignition and flashback. Closed container, may burst when exposed to extreme heat. Empty containers may contain ignitable vapors.

**SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with material. Remove sources of ignition immediately. Stop flow of material if safe to do so. Contain spill and keep out of water courses. Ventilate area.

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**SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion, and contact with skin eyes and clothing. Keep container closed when not in use. Precautions also apply to emptied containers. To prevent generation of static discharges; use bonding/grounding connection when pouring liquid. Extinguish all ignition sources including pilot lights, non-explosion proof motors and electrical equipment until vapors dissipate. Personal protective equipment must be worn during maintenance or repair of contaminated mixer, reactor, or other equipment. Keep container closed when not in use. Vapor may migrate to sources of ignition. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Store in sealed containers in a cool, dry, ventilated warehouse location.

**SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION****Personal protection equipment**

- Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor or supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected to exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's directions for respirator use.
- Hand protection : Use suitable impervious nitrile or neoprene gloves and protective apparel to reduce exposure.
- Eye protection : Wear appropriate eye protection. Wear chemical safety goggles and/or face shield to prevent eye contact. Do not wear contact lenses. Do not touch eyes with contaminated body parts or materials. Have eye washing facilities readily available.
- Protective measures : Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use. Inspect and replace equipment at regular intervals.
- Engineering measures : Use only in well ventilated areas. Provide maximum ventilation in enclosed areas. Use local exhaust when the general ventilation is inadequate.

**Exposure Limits**

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	Limit	Form
Xylene	1330-20-7	ACGIH TWA: ACGIH STEL: OSHA PEL:	100 ppm 150 ppm 435 mg/m3	
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	ACGIH TWA: OSHA PEL:	0.1 ppm 80 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TWA: ACGIH STEL: OSHA PEL:	100 ppm 125 ppm 435 mg/m3	

**SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

- Form : Liquid
- Color : Clear
- Odor : Petroleum



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pH	:	Not available.
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Heavier than air
Melting point/range	:	Not available.
Freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point/range	:	Not available.
Water solubility	:	Negligible
Specific Gravity	:	0.76
% Volatile Weight	:	82 %

**SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY / STABILITY**

Substances to avoid	:	Oxidizing agents.Strong acids.Strong bases.
Stability	:	Stable under normal conditions. Avoid welding arcs, flames or other high temperature sources.
Hazardous polymerization	:	Will not occur.

**SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Xylene, CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	
Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)	4,300 mg/kg ( Rat ) 1,590 mg/kg ( Mouse ) 6,670 mg/kg ( Rat ) 3,523 - 8,600 mg/kg ( Rat ) 5,627 mg/kg ( Mouse )
Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50)	6,350 mg/l for 4 h ( Rat ) 3,907 mg/l for 6 h ( Mouse ) 8,000 mg/l for 4 h ( Rat )
Tetrabutyl titanate, CAS-No.: 5593-70-4	
Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)	3,122 mg/kg ( Rat )
2-Methoxyethanol, CAS-No.: 109-86-4	
Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)	950 mg/kg ( Guinea pig ) 2,560 mg/kg ( Mouse ) 890 mg/kg ( Rabbit ) 2,460 mg/kg ( Rat )
Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal)	1,280 mg/kg ( Rabbit )
Ethylbenzene, CAS-No.: 100-41-4	
Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)	5,460 mg/kg ( Rat ) 3,500 mg/kg ( Rat )
Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal)	17,800 mg/kg ( Rabbit )

**SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No Data Available

**SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

RCRA Class : D001: Reportable Quantity = 100 lbs. (Characteristic of ignitability)  
This classification applies only to the material as it was originally produced.

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Disposal Method : Subject to hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal requirements under RCRA. Recycle or incinerate waste at EPA approved facility or dispose of in compliance with federal, state and local regulations.

**SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA****TDG / DOT Shipping Description:**

UN1139, COATING SOLUTION, 3, PG II

**SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION****North American Inventories:**

All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory.  
This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

**U.S. Federal Regulations:**

SARA 313 Components	:	Xylene	1330-20-7
		2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4
		Ethylbenzene	100-41-4

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Acute Health Hazard
		Fire Hazard

**OSHA Hazardous Components :**

Xylene	1330-20-7
Tetrabutyl titanate	5593-70-4
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4

OSHA Status: Considered : Irritant  
hazardous based on the  
following criteria:

OSHA Flammability : Not Regulated

Regulatory VOC (less water and  
exempt solvent) : 623 g/l

VOC Method 310 : 82 %

**U.S. State Regulations:**

MASS RTK Components	:	Xylene	1330-20-7
		2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4
		Ethylbenzene	100-41-4

Penn RTK Components	:	Aliphatic Naphtha (Light aliphatic naphtha)	64742-89-8
		Tetrapropyl orthosilicate	682-01-9
		Xylene	1330-20-7
		Tetrabutyl titanate	5593-70-4
		2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4
		Ethylbenzene	100-41-4



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NJ RTK Components	:	Aliphatic Naphtha (Light aliphatic naphtha)	64742-89-8
		Tetrapropyl orthosilicate	682-01-9
		Xylene	1330-20-7
		Tetrabutyl titanate	5593-70-4
		2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4

Components under California Proposition 65:

WARNING! Contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm

**SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

**HMIS Rating :**

Health	2
Flammability	3
Reactivity	1
PPE	

- 0 = Minimum
- 1 = Slight
- 2 = Moderate
- 3 = Serious
- 4 = Severe

**Further information:**

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

**Prepared by: Rich Mikol**

**Legend**

- ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists
- CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
- DOT - Department of Transportation
- DSL - Domestic Substance List
- EPA - Environmental Protection Agency
- HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System
- IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
- MSHA - Mine Safety Health Administration
- NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List
- NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
- NTP - National Toxicology Program
- OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

- PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit
- RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
- RTK - Right To Know
- SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
- STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit
- TLV - Threshold Limit Value
- TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA - Time Weighted Average
- V - Volume
- VOC - Volatile Organic Compound
- WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System